Name:		Date:	Period:			
Homework: Plant Systems Interactions						
Plant Cell Chloroplast Nucleus Ribosomes Sell wall Answer the following			Plant Organs Hesophyll Guard Cells Stomate As and systems.			
 Which organelle sh ribosome 	nown above would <u>not</u> B mitochondrion	t be found in an anima C nucleus	al cell? D cell wall			
Which organelle shA chloroplast	nown in the diagram a B cell wall	bove allows plants to C mitochondrion	perform photosynthesis? D ribosome			
What tissue found through the plant?A phloem	in both the root and s B mesophyll	shoot systems of plant C xylem	s conducts water and minerals D epidermis			
photosynthesis becau A distribute sugar to	use they –	C absorb the sun's so				
Sugars created dur following types of tisA xylem		e distributed through C mesophyll	the plant inside of which of the D epidermis			
6. The cuticle is a way the cuticle is prevent A prevent water loss B absorb sunlight for	from leaves	the upper surface of le C capture carbon dic D distribute water to				
7. What part of the p A roots	lant is responsible for B flowers	absorbing water from C stems	its environment? D leaves			
8. Which of the followas angiosperms? A leaves	wing is the reproductiv	ve organ of vascular pl	ants that have been classified D stems			
	group of cells speciali	zed to carry out photo	synthesis for the plant. The			

Match the following forms of tropisms with the correct stimuli.

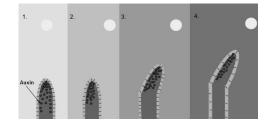
A = Touch	B = <i>Light</i>	C = Gravity	D = Water
1. Hydrotropism	2. Gravitropism	I	3. Phototropism
4. Thigmotropi	sm	5. Geotrop	oism

Answer the following questions about plant tropisms and nastic movements.

- 5. If a plant grows *towards* a stimulus, the tropism is
- **A** positive
- **B** negative

- 6. If a plant grows away from a stimulus, the tropism is
- **A** positive
- **B** negative

- 7. The illustration to the right shows how the hormone auxin causes a plant to grow in response to the sun over. time. This response is best classified as which of the following?
- **A** positive geotropism
- C positive phototropism
- **B** negative hydrotropism **D** negative thigmotropism





- 8. The image to the left shows the shoot system of a plant growing upwards against the force of gravity. This response would best be described as -
- A positive geotropism
- **C** positive thigmotropism
- **B** negative thigmotropism
- **D** negative geotropism
- 9. The roots of a plant in dry soil tend to grow towards soil that contains more moisture. This pattern of growth is known as –
- A positive hydrotropism

C negative hydrotropism

B negative phototropism

- **D** positive phototropism
- 12. When a plant grows in the shade, its stems tend to bend away from the shade because of the hormone auxin. This gives the plant a greater chance of absorbing the energy it needs to make its own food. The response shown by a plant growing this way is called –
- **A** phototropism
- **B** thigmotropism
- **C** gravitropism
- **D** hydrotropism
- 12. The bending and growth of a plant's stems and roots is primarily directed by the actions of which of the following?
- A salts and minerals

C auxin hormones

B turgor pressure

- **D** chlorophyll molecules
- 11. Touch-me-nots (*Mimosa pudica*) are plants that rapidly respond to touch. By affecting the turgor pressure in their cells, these plants can cause their leaves to quickly droop allowing them to defend themselves from herbivorous animals. This rapid response to touch is known as —
- **A** thigmonasty

C photonasty

B phototropism

D gravitropism

